

PLANNING COMMITTEE – 6 OCTOBER 2020

Application No:	20/01421/FUL	
Proposal:	Erection of 3 No. dwellings: 2 x 2-storey and 1 x single storey (Scheme B)	
Location:	Land At Rear Of 49 & 49A The Ropewalk Southwell	
Applicant:	Mr D Shaw - Ablehomes Ltd	
Agent:	Mr Mike Sibthorp - Mike Sibthorp Planning	
Registered:	11.08.2020	Target Date: 06.10.2020
Website Link:	https://publicaccess.newark-sherwooddc.gov.uk/online-applications/applicationDetails.do?activeTab=documents&keyVal=QEBKQALBIMF00	

This application is being presented to the Planning Committee in line with the Council's Scheme of Delegation as Southwell Town Council has objected to the application which differs to the professional officer recommendation. Under the Scheme of Delegation, Cllr Harris has referred the application to Committee in line with the Town Council comments. The review Panel have determined that the application should come before Members given the recent planning history whereby Members previously overturned Officer recommendation.

The Site

The site comprises of 0.22 hectares of overgrown land to the north-west of existing properties on The Ropewalk. The site also fronts Nursery End to the west of the site. The site is located within the Southwell settlement boundary as defined within the Allocations and Development Management DPD.

There is an existing vehicular access to the south of no. 49a The Ropewalk which runs along the southern boundary of the application site and serves no. 45 and 47 The Ropewalk which have their principal elevations facing in to the application site. The dwellings facing The Ropewalk and no. 45 and 47 The Ropewalk are two storey in height. Dwellings along Nursery End are mainly single storey bungalows.

The site is located within Flood Zone 1 as defined by the Environment Agency data maps and within land at risk from surface water flooding. Part of the site falls within an area defined within the Southwell Protected Views policy area as shown on the proposals map within the Allocations and Development Management DPD.

Relevant Planning History

There is an extensive planning history related to the site as summarized below. It is also notable that there are three other pending applications for residential development on the site (which are discussed in further detail in the appraisal below). However, for the avoidance of doubt these

applications are being considered (and on their own merits) separately to the current scheme.

19/02064/FUL – Erection of 5 dwellings. *This application was refused by Members at the 28th April 2020 planning committee meeting (contrary to Officer recommendation) for the following reason:*

01

In the opinion of the Local Planning Authority, by virtue of number of units, the proposal would result in an over intensive layout of development which is incongruous and detrimental to the character of the area. The cramped nature of the development would result in insufficient private amenity space for each of the dwellings with the exception of the bungalow, separation distances for plots within the site but also to neighbouring plots namely no. 49 and 49a The Ropewalk where the massing and scale of the proposed Plot 5 would have an overbearing impact. As such the proposal is deemed contrary to Core Policy 9 of the Amended Core Strategy and Policy DM5 of the Allocations and Development Management DPD as well as the NPPF which forms a material planning consideration.

16/01003/NMA - Application for a non-material amendment to planning application E/56/1410 for Erection of two detached dwellings – Approved 11.07.2016

14/02172/FUL - Erection of two detached dwellings – Refused by committee (contrary to officer recommendation) 08.05.2015 *Appeal dismissed*

Reason for committee refusal

The proposed development, by reason of its scale, siting, and design would be incongruous within and detrimental to the character and appearance of the area and the residential amenities of nearby dwellings on The Ropewalk, particularly given the increased expanse of footprint and elevations compared to the extant 1971 permission. The proposal is therefore considered to be contrary to Policies DM5 and DM6 of the Allocations and Development Plan Development Plan Document (DPD) and the NPPF which forms a material consideration. There are no other material planning considerations which outweigh such identified harm.

Appeal decision reasoning (extract)

The design of the scheme has little relationship with the character of the local surroundings. It is radically different from the well-established traditional design of the properties in the surrounding locality to the extent that it would be clearly 'at odds' with the prevailing character of the area and would result in an incongruous form of development.

Consequently the existence of the fallback position does not outweigh the harm that I have found in the design of the current scheme.

I consider that the proposed scheme would be overbearing and cause a significant and detrimental impact on the outlook from Nos 49a and 49 The Ropewalk. I have not found an unacceptable loss of privacy, there would be a detrimental impact on outlook contrary to policy DM5 of the DPD.

E/56/1410 – Erection of two houses and five bungalows.

Planning permission granted in November 1971, the application is considered extant due to the implementation of the application through the erection of the five bungalows accessed via Nursery End.

Whilst not the application site itself, it is material that there is an extant permission on neighbouring land to the north of the site (and to the east of no. 11 Nursery End), to the rear of no. 51 The Ropewalk for a new 4 bed roomed dwelling with a vehicular access to the south of no. 51 The Ropewalk. This is extant until 17 November 2022, by virtue of the timeframe when the proposal was granted. The positioning of the approved dwelling has been shown on the submitted block plan which allows a thorough assessment in the amenity section below.

The Proposal

The application seeks full planning permission for the erection of three detached dwellings. Plot 1 would be a two storey four bed dwelling with an attached double garage and an approximate footprint of 153m² and pitch height of 7.9m. Plot 2 would be a three bedroom single storey property with an approximate footprint of 130m² and pitch height of 5.6m. A detached garage is proposed to serve this plot. Plot 3 would be a two storey four bed dwelling with an approximate footprint of 154m² and height of 8m. Plot 3 would also have an integral garage.

Plots 1 and 3 would be served via an existing access from The Ropewalk whereas Plot 2 would be accessed by a new access served from Nursery End.

The application has been considered on the basis of the following plans and documents:

- Site Location Plan – B 01;
- Scheme B Site Plan – B 02;
- Scheme B Plot 1 Elevations – B P1 01A;
- Scheme B Plot 1 Floor Plans – B P1 02;
- Scheme B Plot 2 Elevations – B P2 01;
- Scheme B Plot 2 Plan – B P2 02;
- Scheme B Plot 2 Garage – B P2 03;
- Scheme B Plot 3 Elevations – B P3 01;
- Scheme B Plot 3 Floor Plans – B P3 02;
- Design and Access Statement Planning Statement.

Departure/Public Advertisement Procedure

Occupiers of 22 properties have been individually notified by letter.

Planning Policy Framework

The Development Plan

Southwell Neighbourhood Plan (October 2016)

Policy SD1 Delivering Sustainable Development

Policy DH1 Sense of Place

Policy DH2 Public Realm

Policy TA3 Highways Impact

Policy TA4 Parking Standards

Development Plan

Newark and Sherwood Amended Core Strategy DPD (March 2019) (ACS)

Spatial Policy 1 Settlement Hierarchy
Spatial Policy 2 Spatial Distribution of Growth
Spatial Policy 7 Sustainable Transport
Core Policy 3 Housing Mix, Type and Density
Core Policy 9 Sustainable Design
Core Policy 10A Local Drainage Designations
Core Policy 12 Biodiversity and Green Infrastructure

NSDC Allocations and Development Management DPD (July 2013) (ADMDDP)

So/HN/1 Southwell Housing Need
So/PV Southwell Protect Views
DM1 Development within Settlements Central to Delivering the Spatial Strategy
DM3 Developer Contributions and Planning Obligations
DM5 Design
DM7 Biodiversity and Green Infrastructure
DM12 Presumption in Favour of Sustainable Development

Other Material Considerations

National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) 2019
Planning Practice Guidance (PPG)

Consultations

Southwell Council - Southwell Town Council considered application 20/01421/FUL Land Rear Of 49 The Ropewalk and agreed by majority to object to this application.

- it is in contravention of the neighbourhood plan E2 Flood Resilience Design, as there are no flood mitigation measures in the application . This is an area which is prone to flooding and the incorrect treatment of surface water drainage could negatively impact a upon land the dwellings further downstream

NCC Flood Team – No objections subject to the following:

1. The development should not increase flood risk to existing properties or put the development at risk of flooding.
2. Any discharge of surface water from the site should look at infiltration – watercourse – sewer as the priority order for discharge location.
3. SUDS should be considered where feasible and consideration given to ownership and maintenance of any SUDS proposals for the lifetime of the development.
4. Any development that proposes to alter an ordinary watercourse in a manner that will have a detrimental effect on the flow of water (e.g. culverting / pipe crossing) must be discussed with the Flood Risk Management Team at Nottinghamshire County Council.

Severn Trent – No comments received.

Representations have been received from 3 local residents/interested parties which can be summarised as follows:

- Support with concerns – reservations about an additional access from Nursery End but consider this option to be the least intrusive;
- The plans will have a negative effect on value of neighbouring property and privacy;
- The previous planning permission was refused due to development being over intensive and detrimental to the character of the area and this scheme is similar and should be refused;
- The proposal will lead to overlooking and loss of privacy to 49 The Ropewalk and other nearby properties;
- The design is out of keeping with the traditional character of the neighbouring properties;
- The safety of The Ropewalk is already of great concern with regard to the safety of elderly residents and school children;

Comments of the Business Manager

Preliminary Matters

As is referenced above, the application has been submitted at the same time as three other planning applications on the site for residential development. As referred to in the description of development, this application forms **Scheme B**.

- Scheme A: 4 dwellings – 20/01418/FUL;
- **Scheme B: 3 dwellings – 20/01421/FUL;**
- Scheme C: 2 dwellings – 20/01422/FUL;
- Scheme D: 5 dwellings – 20/01433/FUL.

To clarify, there is nothing procedurally to prevent this approach (and indeed the submitted Design and Access Statement is clear that the intention is to present options for the re-development of the site whilst also pursuing an appeal on the recently refused scheme). Given that they all utilize the same site plan, and there is no application which could be delivered alongside another (i.e. the footprints of the dwellings overlap), then in the scenario that they were all approved, it would fall to the applicant to decide which scheme would be implemented.

The assessment below will solely focus on the individual application at hand and it is not the purpose of this assessment to comment on the merits of the other cases which will all be considered separately.

Principle of Development

The PPG acknowledges that Neighbourhood planning gives communities direct power to develop a shared vision for their neighbourhood and shape the development and growth of their local area, thus providing a powerful set of tools for local people to ensure that they get the right types of development for their community where the ambition of the neighbourhood is aligned with the strategic needs and priorities of the wider local area.

Following public consultation and independent examination, at its council meeting on 11 October 2016 Newark and Sherwood District Council adopted the Southwell Neighbourhood Plan. The Neighbourhood Plan now forms part of the development plan for the district and its policies are a material consideration alongside other policies in the development plan and carry weight in the determination of planning applications in Southwell. In this instance the most relevant policies in the Neighbourhood Plan are listed in the policy section above and are considered against the relevant aspects of the proposal in the assessment below.

The starting point for development management decision making is S.38(6) of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004, which states that determination of planning applications must be made in accordance with the development plan unless material considerations indicate otherwise.

The amended Core Strategy details the settlement hierarchy which will help deliver sustainable growth and development in the District. The intentions of this hierarchy are to direct new residential development to the Sub-regional Centre, Service Centres and Principal Villages, which are well served in terms of infrastructure and services. Spatial Policy 1 (Settlement Hierarchy) of the Council's Amended Core Strategy (ACS) sets out the settlements where the Council will focus growth throughout the District. Southwell is defined within the ACS as a Service Centre where the intention is for it to act as a focus for service provision for a large population and rural area. The Southwell Neighbourhood Plan, which also forms part of the Council's Adopted Local Plan seeks for sustainable development that has regard for the town's unique character, historic environment and landscape setting.

Therefore based on the siting of the application site within the defined settlement of Southwell and within an existing residential setting, the siting is considered acceptable. The site is also subject to an extant permission for two dwellings given lawful implementation of a wider site application for residential development through the erection of five bungalows at Nursery End.

Consent was granted in 1971 for the development of Nursery End with 5 bungalows and 2 detached 4 bedroomed houses with attached double garages, of which the two detached dwellings on this site were never constructed. The two dwellings utilised an access from the south of 49a The Ropewalk which serves two further properties, although these were constructed in the 1980s which was after the consent for the 7 dwellings. It has been shown that these two remaining dwellings could be constructed irrespective of the current application noting the extant permission which exists. The outline of the extant dwellings is shown in green on the site plan for this application. For the avoidance of doubt, the extant permission remains material to the determination of this application as are the previous decisions of the LPA and the Inspector which relate to the site.

Housing Need

Policy So/HN/1 of the ADMDPD states that the District Council would seek to secure on allocated and windfall sites, one and two bedroomed units in line with housing need. The Southwell Neighbourhood Plan states in paragraph 2.7 (housing) that the highest demand within Southwell in the market sector (of which this is proposed) for housing is for two bedroomed houses in comparison to the social sector where the requirement is for both one and two bedroomed dwellings. This is reaffirmed by the Newark and Sherwood Housing Needs Survey 2014 which states within the Southwell area the largest market sector demand is for 2 bedroomed properties followed by 4 bedroomed and then 3 bedroomed. This Needs Survey is, accepted, 6 years old and is currently being updated with new surveys having been issued across the District to establish the

latest data to produce a new Needs Survey. However this is the latest data we have and until new material is produced this still forms a part of decision making.

The Southwell Neighbourhood Plan (SNP) states the housing mix on site should deliver a high proportion of 1 or 2 bedrooled 'starter homes' under Policy HE1, however this is stated only where schemes come forward for 11 dwellings or more to which this does not qualify. Therefore there is no requirement for the developer to deliver such a mix under this SNP policy.

It is clear that the dwellings presented by the current application would not contribute towards the identified need of 1 or 2 bed units. Policy So/HN/1 is one of only two policies in the ADMDPD (the other relating to Lowdham) where the District Council has sought to dictate the size of units that come forward at a settlement level (in addition to the Core Strategy requirements to consider the results of housing needs surveys). It is therefore my view that this policy must be given meaningful weight and the lack of adherence to this policy should weigh negatively in the overall planning balance.

Notwithstanding the above, it is relevant to note that the fallback position for two units does not promote smaller dwellings either (both four bed units). In the case of the current application, the additional development above that established by the extant permission would be Plot 2; a single storey three bed unit. Whilst not strictly complying with Policy So/HN/1, the third bedroom for Plot 2 would be modest in size such that it may still be attractive to those in the market for a 2 bed unit. It is also considered a benefit that the dwelling would be single storey in height and therefore more adaptable for the disabled or elderly population. On the basis of these factors, it is not considered reasonable to resist the scheme purely on the basis of housing need.

Impact on Character

Core Policy 9 requires a high standard of sustainable design that protects and enhances the natural environment and contributes to the distinctiveness of the locality and requires development that is appropriate in form and scale to the context. Policy DM5 mirrors this. Policy DM5 goes on to state that proposals creating backland development will only be approved where they would be in keeping with the general character and density of existing development in the area.

It is not considered necessary to debate the matter of backland development since this has already been accepted by the extant permission and indeed permissions on neighbouring land to the east which would essentially occupy the available development plots. Put simply, the precedent for backland development in this area has already been set and fulfilled by applications.

Notwithstanding these backland plots, the design and character of the area is mainly traditional in that properties face the highway with wide frontage plots in two storey form. Within the cul-de-sac of Nursery End, which was constructed by the extant permission in the 1970's, the character is created by the spacious plots set back from the highway in the traditional 1970s-1980s design standard. The design of the built form within Nursery End are mainly red brick dwellings of neutral character.

The dwellings presented for consideration in this application are modern in their character with features such as flat roof projections and wide rectangular fenestration details. Specific materials have not been specified albeit the Design and Access Statement confirms that the primary

materials are likely to be red brick and pantiled profile tiles (although there would be scope for elements of render and cladding).

There are still however elements of more traditional form such as the pitched roofs. This is a significant difference from the previous application on the site for two dwellings (14/02172/FUL) where Members and the Inspector considered a modern form with steeply pitched apex roofs was not appropriate for the context of the site.

The modern design is not something to which the Council are adverse to and indeed the mix of modern/contemporary approach against more traditional red brick and tile design, is a common feature which provides a diverse opportunity to influence and upgrade the character of the area. To create pastiche developments of the same character would result in a stale character and the NPPF states that the *“creation of high quality buildings and places is fundamental to what the planning and development process should achieve”* (para 124, NPPF 2019). In addition it states that decisions should ensure developments are visually attractive and sympathetic to local character....while not preventing or discouraging appropriate innovation or change (para 127).

The proposal includes both single storey and two storey dwellings which would correspond well to the site surroundings in that the single storey dwelling would be read in conjunction with the bungalows on Nursery End. The plot sizes are generous and would generally conform to the wider urban grain in the area.

However, the scale and massing of the two storey dwellings requires a more careful consideration given the context of the aforementioned appeal decision whereby the Inspector compared the design style and mass of the proposed development against the fallback position. Whilst the design style presented here is much more akin to the extant position, the massing, as shown by the annotation of the green line on the submitted plans, would undoubtedly be greater. Officers have raised this as a cause of concern during the life of the application but the applicant has confirmed that it is the submitted plans which they wish to be assessed and no revisions have been forthcoming.

When compared solely to the extant position, the footprint of the dwellings would be greater. However, the current application is clearly materially different from the appeal scheme in which the Inspector debated matters of character. It is Officers submission that the use of a similar height and design style to the extant permission would mean that the additional footprint and massing of the proposed dwellings would not be so fundamentally detrimental to the character of the area to a degree which would warrant refusal (subject to conditions requiring the precise material details).

Impact on Amenity

Policy DM5 of the ADMDPD states *“the layout of development within sites and separation distances from neighbouring development should be sufficient to ensure that neither suffers from an unacceptable reduction in amenity including overbearing impacts, loss of light and privacy.”* In addition to having regard to the operation of neighbouring land uses and mitigating where necessary.

It is material to the current determination that matters of amenity formed part of the reason for the refusal of the scheme for 5 dwellings on the site and indeed was a main factor in the

Inspector's deliberation on the previous scheme for two dwellings. This was particularly in the context of the impact on no. 49 and 49a The Ropewalk.

The current application is a significantly less intensive scheme than the recently refused application for 5 dwellings and therefore matters of amenity provision for the proposed occupiers is of no concern given that they would all be afforded ample amenity areas with sufficient distances from one another.

In line with the Inspector's decision on 14/02172/FUL, the greatest amenity consideration would be the relationship between Plot 3 and no. 49 and 49a The Ropewalk.

"12. The outlook from the rear of Nos 49a and 49 would be towards the side elevation of Plot No 1. Both these properties have relatively short rear gardens of approximately 7.5 metres in length. Whilst there would be windows in the side elevation these would be comparatively small and would be secondary windows to principle rooms. Consequently I do not consider that the development would cause overlooking to an extent that would result in an unacceptable loss of privacy.

13. The side elevation of Plot No 1 would be sited within approximately 2 metres of the rear boundary of Nos 49a and 49. The outlook from almost the whole of the rear boundary from No 49a and half of the boundary with No 49 would be towards the proposed side elevation of Plot No 1. This would be positioned within approximately 11 metres of the rear windows of these properties and extend from a single storey mono-pitched garage to two storey side elevation of the proposed dwelling at a height of approximately 7.2 metres. In comparison, the 'fallback' scheme had a substantially reduced gable width and hence resulted in much less built development along the rear boundary of the existing properties. As a consequence of the relatively short rear gardens and the extent of built development, sited in such close proximity to the rear boundary, I consider that the proposed scheme would be overbearing and cause a significant and detrimental impact on the outlook from Nos 49a and 49 The Ropewalk.

14. Although I have not found an unacceptable loss of privacy, there would be a detrimental impact on outlook contrary to policy DM5 of the DPD. This policy, amongst other things, seeks to ensure that new development does not result in an unacceptable loss of amenity as a consequence of inadequate separation distances and overbearing impacts."

In this case the outlook would be towards Plot 3. As with the appeal scheme, the side elevation would feature one small secondary windows at first floor (which could reasonably be conditioned to be obscurely glazed) such that there is little concern in respect to direct overlooking or loss of privacy.

The site plan for the application has annotated the positioning of the extant dwellings and shows that the proposed Plot 3 would be sited on almost an identical building line to the extant scheme with the same width in gable end. The distance between the rear elevation of no. 49a and the side gable of Plot 3 would be approximately 11.7m. As with the Inspector's assessment above, it remains the case that due to the rear and forward projection, a significant proportion of the rear outlook for mainly no. 49a would be towards built form (the extant scheme would have just been the gable end). The distance is considered to be on the cusp of acceptability but given that it would not be dissimilar to the relationship which could come forward through the extant scheme, it is not considered reasonable to resist the application purely on that basis.

The submitted site plan has helpfully annotated the positioning of the extant approval to the rear of no. 51 The Ropewalk which forms permission for a two storey dwelling. The closest element of built form would be the rear projection of Plot 2 at an approximate distance of 12.7m between the side gable and the principle elevation of the extant dwelling. However, given that Plot 2 would be single storey this is considered to be an acceptable relationship.

The rear projection of Plot 3 would feature full height first floor glazing which would overlook the end of the rear garden for the existing dwelling at no. 51 The Ropewalk and the access drive for the extant dwelling. The rear projection would still be around 17m from the shared boundary and the points at which the outlook are towards are considered less sensitive in amenity terms. Officers have therefore identified no demonstrable amenity harm to either 51 The Ropewalk or the extant proposal in the rear garden particularly in the context of the extant scheme on the site.

Other properties which surround the site include the bungalows on Nursery End. The bungalows would have a relationship with the principle elevation of Plots 2 and the rear elevation of Plot 1. The relationship would be at a distance across the highway and is not an unusual relationship in a residential environment. Similarly Plot 3 would be orientated towards other dwellings accessed from the Ropewalk but again at a sufficient distance to form an acceptable amenity relationship.

Overall, the scheme is considered to comply with the amenity intentions of Policy DM5 and in doing so has overcome the previous refusals on this basis. Given the constraints of the site however, it is considered reasonable and necessary to restrict permitted development rights to allow the LPA control over any future development.

Impact on Highways

Spatial Policy 7 (Sustainable Transport) of the ACS states development proposals should provide safe, convenient and attractive accesses for all, be appropriate for the highway network in terms of the volume and nature of traffic generated, and ensure that the safety, convenience and free flow of traffic using the highway are not adversely affected. In addition it states to provide appropriate and effective parking provision, avoid highway improvements which harm the area.

Policy DM5 of the ADMDPD states provision should be made for safe and inclusive access and parking provision for vehicles and cycles should be based on the scale and specific location of the development.

Two of the dwellings would be served from the existing access from The Ropewalk which matches the extant permission. The other single storey property would be accessed via a new access from Nursery End. This is a less intensive arrangement than the previously refused scheme for 5 dwelling whereby NCC Highways raised no objections subject to conditions.

If permission were to be forthcoming then conditions could be attached to the permission requiring the widening of the access at The Ropewalk and the use of a hard bound material.

Flood Risk and Drainage

The site is located within flood zone 1 and therefore at the lowest risk from flooding and does not constitute major development classification of development as stated within the NPPF. It is not necessary for the applicant to submit a flood risk assessment, nor is it necessary to apply the sequential test approach as set out in the NPPF. The Town Council comments refer to

Neighbourhood Plan Policy E2. However this relates to development proposals which require a flood risk assessment.

Nonetheless Core Policy 10A of the ACS identifies Lowdham and Southwell as areas of Local Drainage Designations. The assessment of this would take in to account the SNP policies concerning the management of flood risk and specific advice of the Lead Local Flood Authority.

Core Policy 10A states that new development should positively manage surface water run-off through the design and layout, in order that there will be no unacceptable impact from run-off on surrounding areas or the existing drainage regime. The SNP states however that proposals relating to drainage submission would only be required whereby the initial proposal is subject to a flood risk assessment.

The Lead Local Flood Authority have commented and stated they have no objections to the proposal subject to certain matters being achievable which would be attached as a condition on drainage should the scheme be considered otherwise acceptable.

Therefore on the basis of the information submitted the proposal is not considered to result in unacceptable harm to local drainage issues, subject to the imposition of conditions.

Other Matters

Core Policy 12 states that the Council will seek to conserve and enhance the biodiversity of the District and that proposals will be expected to take into account the need for the continued protection of the District's ecological and biological assets.

It is notable that the current application did not originally address matters of ecology through a specific ecological survey. However, the previous application for 5 dwellings (19/02064/FUL) (submitted by the same applicant) did include a preliminary ecological appraisal which is still 'in date' having been based on site visits from November 2019. The report identified the site as being of low ecological value which allow providing a habitat for foraging did not feature any bat roosting habitats. No evidence of nesting birds were found. Ultimately the report found no ecological harm from developing the site (again relevant to state it could be developed by the extant permission in any case) but did make recommendations for ecological enhancements such as bat and bird boxes. These could be carried forward to this application by condition (the report has now been submitted to accompany this application).

Overall Balance and Conclusion

The proposal relates to three dwellings within the village envelope of Southwell. Whilst the size of the dwellings does not conform to the intentions of local policy to seek smaller units, it must be taken into account that there remains a fallback position for two four bed units on the site. The above assessment has considered all material planning considerations and found that the proposal is acceptable in amenity terms (part of the previous reason for resistance of development on the site). Whilst ideally Officers would have welcomed a slight reduction in the massing of the larger units, as is detailed in the appraisal above, this in itself is not considered to amount to character harm to the area which would warrant refusal. It would be extremely difficult to defend a refusal on matters of housing need alone when acknowledging the extant permission for two dwellings on the site but also the contribution that the dwellings would make towards the District Council

housing stock on what is a windfall site. The recommendation is therefore one of approval subject to the conditions as outlined below.

RECOMMENDATION

That planning permission is approved subject to the following conditions:

01

The development hereby permitted shall not begin later than three years from the date of this permission.

Reason: To comply with the requirements of Section 51 of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004.

02

The development hereby permitted shall not be carried out except in complete accordance with approved proposed plans reference;

- Scheme B Site Plan – B 02;
- Scheme B Plot 1 Elevations – B P1 01A;
- Scheme B Plot 1 Floor Plans – B P1 02;
- Scheme B Plot 2 Elevations – B P2 01;
- Scheme B Plot 2 Plan – B P2 02;
- Scheme B Plot 2 Garage – B P2 03;
- Scheme B Plot 3 Elevations – B P3 01;
- Scheme B Plot 3 Floor Plans – B P3 02;

Reason: So as to define this permission.

03

No development above damp proof course/slab level shall take place until manufacturers details (and samples upon request) of the external facing materials (including colour/finish) have been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. Development shall thereafter be carried out in accordance with the approved details.

Reason: In the interests of visual amenity.

04

Plots 1 and 3 hereby permitted shall not be brought into use until the visibility splays of 2.4m x 43m at The Ropewalk are provided in accordance with the details shown on plan reference Scheme B Site Plan – B 02. The area within the visibility splays referred to in this condition shall thereafter be kept free of all obstructions, structures or erections exceeding 0.6m in height.

Reason: In the interests of highway safety.

05

Plots 1 and 3 hereby permitted shall not be brought into use until the access to the site has been completed, with a width of 5.25m, and surfaced in a bound material for a minimum distance of 5m behind the highway boundary (back edge of footway) with a suitable means of surface water disposal in accordance with details to be first submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority.

Reason: In the interests of highway safety.

06

Prior to first occupation/use of the development hereby approved full details of both hard and soft landscape works shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority and these works shall be carried out as approved. These details shall include:

full details of every tree, shrub, hedge to be planted (including its proposed location, species, size and approximate date of planting) and details of tree planting pits including associated irrigation measures, tree staking and guards, and structural cells. The scheme shall be designed so as to enhance the nature conservation value of the site, including the use of locally native plant species;

existing trees and hedgerows, which are to be retained pending approval of a detailed scheme, together with measures for protection during construction;

proposed finished ground levels or contours;

means of enclosure;

car parking layouts and materials;

hard surfacing materials;

Reason: In the interests of visual amenity and biodiversity.

07

The approved landscaping scheme shall be carried out within 6 months of the first occupation of any building or completion of the development, whichever is soonest, unless otherwise agreed in writing with the Local Planning Authority. If within a period of 7 years from the date of planting any tree, shrub, hedgerow or replacement is removed, uprooted, destroyed or dies then another of the same species and size of the original shall be planted at the same place. Variations may only be planted on written consent of the Local Planning Authority.

Reason: To ensure the work is carried out within a reasonable period and thereafter properly maintained, in the interests of visual amenity and biodiversity.

08

No dwelling on site shall be occupied until details including location of a hedgehog house and a minimum of two bat boxes and two bird nest boxes and/or bricks have been submitted to and

approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The hedgehog houses/nest boxes/bricks shall then be installed, prior to occupation of the associated dwelling, in accordance with the approved details and retained thereafter for the lifetime of the development.

Reason: In the interests of maintain and enhancing biodiversity.

09

No clearance works of vegetation within the site shall take place during the bird nesting period (beginning of March to end of August inclusive).

Reason: In the interests of ecology and biodiversity enhancements.

10

Development shall be carried out in accordance with the submitted Ecological Walkover Survey (dated 12 November 2019) namely Section 4.2 (Evaluation) and the Enhancements section. Details and locations of these enhancements including an implementation and timescale programme shall be submitted to the Local Planning Authority in writing and such measures shall be implemented and retained for the life of the development.

Reason: In the interests of ecology and biodiversity enhancements.

11

Prohibited activities

The following activities must not be carried out under any circumstances.

- a. No fires to be lit on site within 10 metres of the nearest point of the canopy of any retained tree/hedgerow on the proposal site.
- b. No equipment, signage, fencing etc shall be attached to or be supported by any retained tree on the application site,
- c. No temporary access within designated root protection areas without the prior written approval of the Local Planning Authority.
- d. No mixing of cement, dispensing of fuels or chemicals within 10 metres of any retained tree/hedgerow on the application site.
- e. No soak-aways to be routed within the root protection areas of any retained tree/hedgerow on the application site.
- f. No stripping of top soils, excavations or changing of levels to occur within the root protection areas of any retained tree/hedgerow on the application site.
- g. No topsoil, building materials or other to be stored within the root protection areas of any retained tree/hedgerow on the application site.
- h. No alterations or variations of the approved works or protection schemes shall be carried out without the prior written approval of the Local Planning Authority.

Reason: To ensure that existing trees and hedges to be retained are protected, in the interests of visual amenity and nature conservation.

12

No development shall be commenced until details of the means of foul drainage and surface water disposal have been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. Sustainable Urban Drainage Systems (SUDS) should be considered where feasible and details of maintenance and management should be submitted to the Local Planning Authority. Permeable paving should also be considered to reduce the reliance on mainstream drainage measures and other such water saving measures should be submitted to and approved by the Local Planning Authority. The development shall be carried out thereafter in accordance with the approved details and implemented prior to first occupation of the first unit and retained for the lifetime of the development.

Reason: To ensure the provision of satisfactory means of foul sewage/surface water disposal and flood prevention measures.

13

The first floor window openings on the north east side elevation of Plot 3 shall be obscured glazed to level 3 or higher on the Pilkington scale of privacy or equivalent and shall be non-opening up to a minimum height of 1.7m above the internal floor level of the room in which it is installed. This specification shall be complied with before the dwelling is occupied and thereafter be retained for the lifetime of the development.

Reason: To safeguard against overlooking and loss of privacy in the interests of amenity of future occupiers of neighbouring properties.

14

Notwithstanding the provisions of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015 (and any order revoking, re-enacting or modifying that Order), other than development expressly authorised by this permission, there shall be no development to any unit approved under this permission under Schedule 2, Part 1 of the Order in respect of:

Class A: The enlargement, improvement or other alteration of a dwellinghouse.

Class B: The enlargement of a dwellinghouse consisting of an addition or alteration to its roof.

Class C: Any other alteration to the roof of a dwellinghouse.

Class E: Buildings etc incidental to the enjoyment of a dwellinghouse.

Reason: To ensure that the Local Planning Authority retains control over the specified classes of development normally permitted under the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015 (or any amending legislation) and in order to safeguard the amenity of neighbours

15

Plot 2 shall not be brought into use until the dropped kerb vehicular crossing at Nursery End is available for use and constructed in accordance with the Highway Authority's specification.

Reason: In the interests of highway safety.

16

In the event that the permission hereby approved is implemented, the alternative schemes considered under references 20/01418/FUL; 20/01422/FUL and 20/01433/FUL (subject to approval) shall not be implemented.

Reason: To prevent the part implementation of different schemes which could have amenity impacts not formally considered.

Notes to Applicant

01

To avoid nuisance complaints the applicant should have regard to the following:

1. Except for emergency works, to protect the amenities of occupiers of other premises in the vicinity, the hours for deliveries or for the construction of the development should be restricted to: Monday to Friday 08:00 to 18.00hrs, Saturday 08:00 to 13.00hrs and no works on site on Sundays/Bank Holidays.
2. Suitable measures must be taken to minimise dust and dirt during the construction and operation of the site using best practice methods.

02

Severn Trent Water advise that although our statutory sewer records do not show any public sewers within the area you have specified, there may be sewers that have been recently adopted under The Transfer Of Sewer Regulations 2011. Public sewers have statutory protection and may not be built close to, directly over or be diverted without consent and you are advised to contact Severn Trent Water to discuss your proposals. Severn Trent will seek to assist you obtaining a solution which protects both the public sewer and the building.

03

The development makes it necessary to widen the existing vehicular crossing over the footway of the public highway (The Ropewalk). These works shall be constructed to the satisfaction of the Highway Authority. You are, therefore, required to contact VIA, in partnership with NCC, tel: 0300 500 8080 to arrange for these works to be carried out.

04

The applicant is advised that all planning permissions granted on or after the 1st December 2011 may be subject to the Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL). Full details of CIL are available on the Council's website at www.newark-sherwooddc.gov.uk

The proposed development has been assessed and it is the Council's view that CIL IS PAYABLE on the development hereby approved as is detailed below. Full details about the CIL Charge including, amount and process for payment will be set out in the Regulation 65 Liability Notice

which will be sent to you as soon as possible after this decision notice has been issued. If the development hereby approved is for a self-build dwelling, residential extension or residential annex you may be able to apply for relief from CIL. Further details about CIL are available on the Council's website: www.newark-sherwooddc.gov.uk/cil/ or from the Planning Portal: www.planningportal.gov.uk/planning/applications/howtoapply/whattosubmit/cil

05

Please note that the District Council no longer provides wheeled bins for residential developments free of charge. Wheeled bins can be purchased from the District Council or any other source provided they conform to appropriate standards and requirements of the Council. Enclosed is a leaflet from the District Council's Waste Management Section entitled 'Guidance for New Development – Waste Storage and Collection' which sets out these standards and requirements. If you wish to purchase wheeled bins or discuss this matter further please contact the Waste Management Officer on 01636 655677 or email: waste.management@nsdc.info.

06

The development should not increase flood risk to existing properties or put the development at risk of flooding.

Any discharge of surface water from the site should look at infiltration – watercourse – sewer as the priority order for discharge location.

SUDS should be considered where feasible and consideration given to ownership and maintenance of any SUDS proposals for the lifetime of the development.

Any development that proposes to alter an ordinary watercourse in a manner that will have a detrimental effect on the flow of water (eg culverting / pipe crossing) must be discussed with the Flood Risk Management Team at Nottinghamshire County Council.

The applicant should consider the use of flood resilient construction techniques and materials where possible.

BACKGROUND PAPERS

Application case file.

For further information, please contact Laura Gardner on extension 5907.

All submission documents relating to this planning application can be found on the following website www.newark-sherwooddc.gov.uk.

Lisa Hughes
Business Manager – Planning Development

Committee Plan - 20/01421/FUL

